

Australian Energy Market Commission

RULE PROPOSAL

NATIONAL ELECTRICITY AMENDMENT (MINOR CHANGES 2) RULE 2020

NATIONAL GAS AMENDMENT (MINOR CHANGES 2) RULE 2020

NATIONAL ENERGY RETAIL AMENDMENT (MINOR CHANGES 2) RULE 2020

PROPONENT

AEMC

16 APRIL 2020

INQUIRIES

Australian Energy Market Commission GPO Box 2603 Sydney NSW 2001

E aemc@aemc.gov.au
T (02) 8296 7800
F (02) 8296 7899

Reference: ERC0297, GRC0057, RRC0035

CITATION AEMC, Minor Changes 2, 16 April 2020

ABOUT THE AEMC

The AEMC reports to the Council of Australian Governments (COAG) through the COAG Energy Council. We have two functions. We make and amend the national electricity, gas and energy retail rules and conduct independent reviews for the COAG Energy Council.

This work is copyright. The Copyright Act 1968 permits fair dealing for study, research, news reporting, criticism and review. Selected passages, tables or diagrams may be reproduced for such purposes provided acknowledgement of the source is included.

Australian Energy Market Commission **RULE PROPOSAL** Minor Changes 2 16 April 2020

CONTENTS

1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Background
- 1.2 Proposed Rules
- 1.3 Assessment framework

2 PROCESS FOR THIS RULE CHANGE

- 2.1 The Commission's power to initiate the making of a rule
- 2.2 Treatment as a non-controversial rule change
- 2.3 Key dates

3 LODGING A SUBMISSION

- 3.1 Lodging a request not to make a rule under an expedited process
- 3.2 Lodging a submission to this rule change proposal
- 3.3 Process for lodging a request or submission

Abbreviations

1 INTRODUCTION

As part of its rule making function, the Australian Energy Market Commission (Commission or AEMC) reviews, amends and maintains the National Electricity Rules (NER) in accordance with the National Electricity Law (NEL), the National Energy Retail Rules (NERR) in accordance with the National Energy Retail Law (NERL) and the National Gas Rules (NGR) in accordance with the National Gas Law (NGL).

The purpose of this function, among other things, is to improve and enhance the quality of the NER, the NERR and the NGR (together the "energy rules").

This consultation paper has been prepared to facilitate public consultation on the rule change proposal and to seek stakeholder submissions.

This paper:

- provides a summary of, and background to, the rule change proposal
- outlines the process for making submissions.

1.1 Background

The Commission undertakes AEMC initiated rule change proposals to correct minor errors in the energy rules or make clarifications that are minor or non-material in nature. This rule change proposal includes proposed amendments identified by the Commission since the last minor changes rules, which were completed in March 2020.

1.2 Proposed Rules

The National Electricity Amendment (Minor Changes 2) Rule 2020 (electricity Rule), the National Energy Retail Amendment (Minor Changes 2) Rule 2020 (retail Rule) and the National Gas Amendment (Minor Changes 2) Rule 2020 (gas Rule) (together, the "Proposed Rules") are proposed by the AEMC to correct minor errors and make non-material changes in the NER, NERR and NGR.

In particular, the Proposed Rules seek to:

- correct clause numbering errors in clause 4.8.5B of the NER caused by the commencement of Schedule 1 of the National Electricity Amendment (Enhancement to the Reliability and Emergency Reserve Trader) Rule 2019 No. 3¹;
- 2. correct a duplicate word in rule 534 of the NGR; and
- correct an indentation error for the last two lines of clause S5.2.5.5(c) of the NER, which currently only apply to subparagraph (4) of clause S5.2.5.5(c) but are intended to apply to subparagraphs (1)-(4).

The Proposed Rules are published with this rule proposal.

L

¹ AEMC, National Amendment (Enhancement to the Reliability and Emergency Reserve Trader) Rule 2019 No. 3, available at: www.aemc.gov.au/rule-changes/enhancement-reliability-and-emergency-reserve-trader. The commencement of this rule has resulted in two paragraphs in clause 4.8.5B being numbered (a) and two paragraphs being numbered (b).

1.3 Assessment framework

1.3.1 Achieving the NEO, NERO and NGO

National Electricity Objective

The Commission may only make a rule if it is satisfied that the rule will, or is likely to, contribute to the achievement of the national electricity objective (NEO).² This is the decision making framework that the Commission must apply.

The NEO is:3

to promote efficient investment in, and efficient operation and use of, electricity services for the long term interests of consumers of electricity with respect to -

- (a) price, quality, safety, reliability and security of supply of electricity; and
- (b) the reliability, safety and security of the national electricity system.

Under the Northern Territory legislation adopting the NEL, the Commission must regard the reference in the NEO to the "national electricity system" as a reference to whichever of the following the Commission considers appropriate in the circumstances having regard to the nature, scope or operation of the proposed rule:⁴

- (a) the national electricity system
- (b) one or more, or all, of the local electricity systems⁵
- (c) all of the electricity systems referred to above.

For the purposes of the proposed electricity Rule, the Commission proposes to regard the reference to the "national electricity system" in the NEO to be a reference to item (c) above.

National Energy Retail Objective

The Commission may only make a rule if it is satisfied that the rule will, or is likely to, contribute to the achievement of the national energy retail objective (NERO).⁶ This is the decision making framework that the Commission must apply.

The NERO is:7

to promote efficient investment in, and efficient operation and use of, energy services for the long term interests of consumers of energy with respect to price, quality, safety, reliability and security of supply of energy.

² Section 88 of the NEL.

³ Section 7 of the NEL.

⁴ Section 14A of Schedule 1 to the National Electricity (Northern Territory) (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2015 (referred to here as the NT Act), inserting section 88(2a) into the NEL as it applies in the Northern Territory.

⁵ These are specified Northern Territory systems, defined in schedule 2 of the NT Act.

⁶ Section 236(1) of the NERL.

⁷ Section 13 of the NERL.

The Commission must also, where relevant, satisfy itself that the rule is "compatible with the development and application of consumer protections for small customers, including (but not limited to) protections relating to hardship customers" (the "consumer protections test").⁸

Where the consumer protections test is relevant in the making of a rule, the Commission must be satisfied that both the NERO test and the consumer protections test have been met.⁹ If the Commission is satisfied that one test, but not the other, has been met, the rule cannot be made.

There may be some overlap in the application of the two tests. For example, a rule that provides a new protection for small customers may also, but will not necessarily, promote the NERO.

National Gas Objective

The Commission may only make a rule under the NGL if it is satisfied that the rule will, or is likely to, contribute to the achievement of the national gas objective (NGO).¹⁰ This is the decision-making framework that the Commission must apply.

The NGO is:11

to promote efficient investment in, and efficient operation and use of, natural gas services for the long term interests of consumers of natural gas with respect to price, quality, safety, reliability and security of supply of natural gas.

Conclusion

The Commission considers that the Proposed Rules, if made, will improve the quality of the NER, NERR and NGR in terms of accuracy and consistency.

The Commission considers that the Proposed Rules are likely to contribute to the achievement of the NEO, NERO and NGO (as relevant). As with previous minor rule changes initiated by the Commission, these minor corrections and non-material changes will make the NER, NERR and NGR clearer to stakeholders. This is important as the NER, NERR and NGR inform stakeholders of their rights and obligations in relation to participating in the NEM, energy retail energy markets and gas markets (respectively), and stakeholders rely on these rules in their commercial transactions.

1.3.2 Northern Territory rule-making requirements

The NER, as amended from time to time, apply in the Northern Territory, subject to derogations set out in regulations made under the Northern Territory legislation adopting the NEL.¹² Under those regulations, only certain parts of the NER have been adopted in the Northern Territory.¹³

⁸ Section 236(2)(b) of the NERL.

⁹ That is, the legal tests set out in s. 236(1) and (2)(b) of the NERL.

¹⁰ Section 291(1) of the NGL.

¹¹ Section 23 of the NGL.

¹² The regulations under the NT Act are the National Electricity (Northern Territory) (National Uniform Legislation) (Modifications) Regulations.

As the proposed electricity Rule, in part, relates to the parts of the NER that apply in the Northern Territory, the Commission is required to assess whether to make a uniform or differential rule (defined below) under Northern Territory legislation.

Under the NT Act, the Commission may make a differential rule if, having regard to any relevant MCE statement of policy principles, a different rule will, or is likely to, better contribute to the achievement of the NEO than a uniform rule.¹⁴

A differential rule is a rule that:

- varies in its term as between:
 - the national electricity system, and
 - one or more, or all, of the local electricity systems, or
- does not have effect with respect to one or more of those systems

but is not a jurisdictional derogation, participant derogation or rule that has effect with respect to an adoptive jurisdiction for the purpose of s. 91(8) of the NEL.

A uniform rule is a rule that does not vary in its terms between the national electricity system and the local electricity systems, and has effect with respect to all of those systems.¹⁵

The Commission proposes to make a uniform rule.

1.3.3 Rule making in Western Australia

The versions of the NGL and NGR that apply in Western Australia differ from the NGL and NGR as they apply in other participating jurisdictions.¹⁶

Accordingly, the proposed gas Rule (if made as a final rule) will not apply in Western Australia.

1.3.4 Additional assessment requirements

Under s. 33 of the NEL, s. 225 of the NERL and s. 73 of the NGL, as applicable, the Commission must have regard to any relevant MCE statements of policy principles in making an energy rule. There are currently no MCE statements of policy principles.

Under s. 91(8) of the NEL and s. 295(4) of the NGL, as applicable, the Commission may only make a rule that has effect with respect to an adoptive jurisdiction if satisfied that the proposed rule is compatible with the proper performance of the Australian Energy Market Operator's (AEMO's) declared electricity network. Given the Proposed Rules only seek to make minor or non-material changes to the energy rules, the Commission is satisfied that the

¹³ For the version of the NER that applies in the Northern Territory, refer to: www.aemc.gov.au/regulation/energy-rules/northernterritory-electricity-market-rules/current.

¹⁴ Section 14B of Schedule 1 to the NT Act, inserting section 88AA into the NEL as it applies in the Northern Territory.

¹⁵ Section 14 of Schedule 1 to the NT Act, inserting the definitions of "differential Rule" and "uniform Rule" into section 87 of the NEL as it applies in the Northern Territory.

¹⁶ Under the National Gas Access (WA) Act 2009 (WA Gas Act), a modified version of the NGL, known as the National Gas Access (Western Australia) Law (WA Gas Law), was adopted. Under the WA Gas Law, the National Gas Rules applying in Western Australia are version 1 of the uniform NGR as amended by the SA Minister under an adoption of amendments order made by the WA Minister for Energy and by the AEMC in accordance with its rule making power under section 74 of the WA Gas Law. See the AEMC website for further information, https://www.aemc.gov.au/regulation/energy-rules/national-gas-rules/western-australia.

Proposed Rules are compatible with the proper performance of AEMO's declared network/system functions.

2 2.1

PROCESS FOR THIS RULE CHANGE

The Commission's power to initiate the making of a rule

Under s. 91(2) of the NEL, s. 243(2) of the NERL and s. 295(2) of the NGL respectively:

The AEMC must not make a Rule without a request under subsection (1) unless-

- (a) it considers the Rule corrects a minor error in the Rules; or
- (b) it considers the Rule involves a non-material change to the Rules; or

(c) the Rule is in respect of any matter that is prescribed by the Regulations as a matter on which it may make a Rule on its own initiative.

As the Proposed Rules outlined in chapter 1 make changes that are minor and non-material in nature, the Commission considers that the Proposed Rules satisfy the requirements of s.91(2) of the NEL, s. 243(2) of the NERL and s. 295(2) of the NGL, as applicable.

2.2 Treatment as a non-controversial rule change

Under s. 87 of the NEL, a "non-controversial Rule" is defined as "a Rule that is unlikely to have a significant effect on the national electricity market". As the proposed changes to the NER are minor or non-material in nature, the Commission considers that the proposed electricity Rule is unlikely to have a significant effect on the NEM. The proposed electricity Rule therefore falls within the definition of a non-controversial rule under s. 87 of the NEL.

Under s. 235 of the NERL, a "non-controversial Rule" is defined as "a Rule that is unlikely to have a significant effect on a market for energy or the regulation of customer connection services". As the proposed changes to the NERR are minor or non-material in nature, the Commission considers that the proposed retail Rule is unlikely to have a significant effect on a market for energy or the regulation of customer connection services. The proposed retail Rule therefore falls within the definition of a non-controversial rule under s. 235 of the NERL.

Under s. 290 of the NGL, a "non-controversial Rule" is defined as "a Rule that is unlikely to have a significant effect on a market for gas or the regulation of pipeline services". As the proposed changes to the NGR are minor or non-material in nature, the Commission considers that the proposed gas Rule is unlikely to have a significant effect on a market for gas or the regulation of pipeline services. The proposed gas Rule therefore falls within the definition of a non-controversial rule under s. 290 of the NGL.

Rule changes that are considered to be non-controversial may be processed under an expedited (faster) process under which there is only one round of consultation and the Commission is required to publish its final rule determination within eight weeks of commencing the rule change process under the uniform energy laws, and for changes to the NGR that apply to Western Australia within six weeks of the start of the rule change process.

The Commission has decided to use an expedited process to consider this rule change proposal provided that it does not receive any valid requests not to use the expedited process

by 30 April 2020.¹⁷ To be valid, an objection should set out the reasons why the rule change proposal is likely to have a significant impact on:

- for the proposed electricity Rule, the National Electricity Market
- for the proposed retail Rule, a market for energy or the regulation of customer connection services
- for the proposed gas Rule, a market for gas or the regulation of pipeline services.

2.3 Key dates

Given the tightly defined nature of the issues, this rule change proposal is brief. Nevertheless, submissions are invited in relation to the matters identified above, and any other relevant issue.

The key dates for stakeholders in this process are as follows:

- Commencement of this rule change process: 16 April 2020
- Objections to an expedited process to be received by: 30 April 2020
- Submissions to the proposal to be received by: 14 May 2020
- Final decision to be published under an expedited process by: 28 May 2020.

¹⁷ The Commission has published a notice under sections: 95 and 96 of the National Electricity Law; 251 and 252 of the National Energy Retail Law; 303 and 304 of the National Gas Law, to commence and assess this rule change proposal as a noncontroversial rule.

3 LODGING A SUBMISSION

The Commission invites requests not to make a rule under the expedited process and written submissions on this rule change proposal.

All enquiries on this project should be addressed to Ben Bronneberg at ben.bronneberg@aemc.gov.au or on (02) 8296 0613.

3.1 Lodging a request not to make a rule under an expedited process

Written requests not to make a rule under the expedited process in s. 96 of the NEL, s. 252 of the NERL or s. 304 of the NGL respectively, must include reasons for the request, and must be lodged with the Commission by 30 April 2020 in accordance with the process specified below.

3.2 Lodging a submission to this rule change proposal

Written submissions on the rule change proposal must be lodged with the Commission by 14 May 2020 in accordance with the process specified below. Where practicable, submissions should be prepared in accordance with the Commission's guidelines for making written submissions on rule change requests.¹⁸ The Commission publishes all submissions on its website, subject to accepted claims of confidentiality.

3.3 Process for lodging a request or submission

Please lodge submissions, or requests not to make a rule under the expedited process, online via the Commission's website, www.aemc.gov.au, using the "lodge a submission" function and selecting the project reference code ERC0297.

The request or submission must be on letterhead (if submitted on behalf of an organisation), signed and dated.

If you are not able to lodge submissions or requests online, please contact us, and we will provide instructions for alternative methods to lodge the submission or request.

¹⁸ This guideline is available on the Commission's website, www.aemc.gov.au.

ABBREVIATIONS

| AEMC AEMO AER Commission | Australian Energy Market Commission Australian Energy Market Operator Australian Energy Regulator See AEMC |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| | |
| MCE | Ministerial Council on Energy |
| NEL | National Electricity Law |
| NEO | National electricity objective |
| NERL | National Energy Retail Law |
| NERO | National energy retail objective |
| NGL | National Gas Law |
| NGO | National gas objective |
| NGR | National Gas Rules |
| | |